

Electrical Information

Percent of Rated Wattage for Various Applied Voltages

Applied	Rated Voltage														Applied
Voltage	110	115	120	208	220	230	240	277	380	415	440	460	480	550	Voltage
110	100%	91%	84%	28%	25%	23%	21%	16%	8.4%	7%	6.3%	5.7%	5.3%	4%	110
115	109%	100%	92%	31%	27%	25%	23%	17%	9.2%	7.7%	6.8%	6.3%	5.7%	4.4%	115
120	119%	109%	100%	33%	30%	27%	25%	19%	10%	8.4%	7.4%	6.8%	6.3%	4.8%	120
208			300%	100%	89%	82%	75%	56%	30%	25%	22%	20%	19%	14%	208
220				112%	100%	91%	84%	63%	34%	28%	25%	23%	21%	16%	220
230				122%	109%	100%	92%	69%	37%	31%	27%	25%	23%	17%	230
240				133%	119%	109%	100%	75%	40%	33%	30%	27%	25%	19%	240
277							133%	100%	53%	45%	40%	36%	33%	25%	277
380								188%	100%	84%	75%	68%	63%	48%	380
415									119%	100%	89%	81%	75%	57%	415
440										112%	100%	91%	84%	64%	440
460										123%	109%	100%	92%	70%	460
480											119%	109%	100%	76%	480
550											156%	143%	131%	100%	550

To determine the resultant wattage on a voltage not shown in the chart above, use the following formula:

Actual Wattage =
$$\frac{\text{Rated Wattage} \times (\text{Applied Voltage})^2}{(\text{Rated Voltage})^2}$$



Applying higher than the actual rated voltage to heating elements will increase the watt density (watts/in.sq.), which can lead to premature heater failure and/or damage the material being heated.

Watt Density Calculations

Band Heaters

$$Watts/In^2 = \frac{Wattage}{(Diameter \times 3.1416 \times Width) - (Cold Area)}$$

Cartridge and Tubular Heaters

$$Watts/In^2 = \frac{Wattage}{Diameter \times 3.1416 \times Heated Length}$$

Mica Strip Heaters

$$Watts/In^2 = \frac{Wattage}{Heated Length \times Width}$$

Channel Strip Heaters

$$Watts/In^2 = \frac{Wattage}{Heated Length \times 3.625}$$

Ohm's Law

Volts

$$Volts = \sqrt{Watts \times Ohms}$$

$$Volts = \frac{Watts}{Amperes}$$

Amperes

Amperes =
$$\frac{\text{Volts}}{\text{Ohms}}$$

Amperes = $\frac{\sqrt{\text{Watts}}}{\text{Ohms}}$

Watts

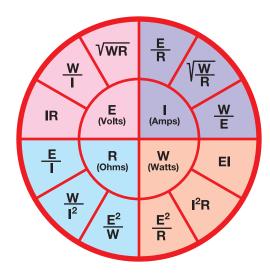
$$Amperes = \frac{Watts}{Volts}$$

Ohms

Ohms =
$$\frac{\text{Volts}}{\text{Amperes}}$$

Ohms =
$$\frac{\text{Watts}}{\text{Amperes}^2}$$

Ohms =
$$\frac{\text{Volts}^2}{\text{Watts}}$$



Watts

Watts = Volts
$$\times$$
 Amperes

Watts =
$$Amps^2 \times Ohms$$

Watts =
$$\frac{\text{Volts}^2}{\text{Ohms}}$$