## Design Features

* Noble Metal Thermocouple Elements ANSI Type R and S are provided in accordance with ITS90, and ANSI Type B is provided in accordance with IPTS-68.
* Alumina insulators are recommended with noble metal thermocouples. All noble metal elements have a butt-welded junction \& are available in 20 ga. (.032"), $24 \mathrm{ga} .\left(.020^{\prime \prime}\right)$ and 30 ga . (.010").

Style NB - Noble Bare Thermocouple Wire ................................................
"L" $\left.\quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Noble Metal Thermocouple Element Style NB is offered with } \\ \text { the options listed below. Create an ordering code by filling in } \\ \text { the boxes with the appropriate number and/or letter designation } \\ \text { for your requirements, and a part number will be assigned. }\end{array}\right]$


Style NZ — Noble Thermocouple Wire with 2-Hole Round Alumina Insulator•••••. .................


- 30 ga. Insulator P/N COR-124-105 and P/N CER-103-101 Ceramic Beads
- 24 ga. Insulator P/N COR-124-104 and P/N CER-103-101 Ceramic Beads
- 20 ga. Insulator P/N COR-124-106 and P/N CER-103-101 Ceramic Beads
* See Page 14-96 for Insulator Dimensions *

For Metal and Ceramic Protection Tubes
see pages 14-85 and 14-86.

## Ceramic Protection Tubes

## Ceramic Protection Tubes Application Data

Ceramic Protection Tubes are used in applications where contamination from hostile environments or the cutting action of concentrated and direct flame impingement are factors. Such conditions usually require a noble metal thermocouple such as platinum and platinum alloys.

When selecting assemblies using ceramic components, the expected maximum temperatures must be considered. At elevated temperatures, some ceramic materials go through a glass phase. As silica is a prime contaminant of platinum, alumina protecting tubes and insulators are recommended for temperatures exceeding $2000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1093^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

| Material | Maximum <br> Operating <br> Temperature | Thermal Shock <br> Characteristics | Maximum <br> Available <br> Length (in) | Typical <br> Applications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alumina <br> $(99.7 \%)$ | $3100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ <br> $\left(1700^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Fair (preheating to <br> $900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left[482^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ <br> recommended) | 84 | Iron, Barium, crown glass; <br> non-ferrous metals; gas-tight <br> protection for noble metal <br> thermocouples in excess of <br> $2400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1316^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Sags at $2900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1593^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Prevents dry hydrogen <br> penetration |
| Porcelain <br> (Mullite) | $2550^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ <br> $\left(1400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Poor (preheating to <br> $900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left[482^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ <br> recommended) | 84 | Non-ferrous metals; gas-tight <br> protection for noble metal <br> thermocouples to | Sags at $2550^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Prone to attack by halogen <br> gases; some penetration of dry <br> hydrogen. Contains silica. |




## Ordering Information

Complete the Part Number with 3 digits indicating length in whole inches.

Example: = APT-105-012 is $12^{\prime \prime}$ long and PPT-107-048 is $48^{\prime \prime}$ long.

| Part Number | I.D. x O.D. ${ }^{+}$ | Construction | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PPT-101- | $1 / 4 \times 3 / 8{ }^{1 / 2}$ | Plain End |  |
| PPT-102- | 7/16" $\times 11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | Plain End |  |
| PPT-103- | $3 / 4 \times 1 "$ | Plain End |  |
| PPT-104- | $1^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \frac{1 / 4}{}$ | Plain End |  |
| PPT-105- | $1 / 4 \times 3 / 8{ }^{1 / 2}$ | w/ Collar Approx. $5 / 16^{1 "} \times \frac{3}{1 / 4}$ | 12 " |
| PPT-106- | $7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | w/ Collar Approx. $5 / 16^{1 "} \times 11 / 16^{10}$ | through $84^{\prime \prime}$ |
| PPT-107- | $3 / 4 \times 1 "$ | w/ Collar Approx. $5 / 16^{1 "} \times 1^{1 / 1 / 4}$ | inch <br> 6 " increments |
| PPT-108- | $1^{\prime \prime} \times 1 \frac{1 / 4}{}$ | w/ Collar Approx. $5 / 16^{1 "} \times 1 \frac{17}{1 / 4}$ |  |
| PPT-109- $\square$ | $1 / 41 \times 3 / 81$ | w/Hex |  |
| PPT-110- | $7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | Fitting w/Hex |  |
|  |  | Fitting |  |

${ }^{\top}$ Dimensional tolerance:
Up to 1" Dia. $\pm 5 \%$ or $.025^{\prime \prime}$, whichever is greater Over 1" Dia. $\pm 4 \%$ or .050 ", whichever is greater

## Temperature Sensing

## Metal Protection Tubes

Made in USA

## Metal Protection Tubes

For longer life and continued accuracy, most thermocouples in industrial applications should be protected from physical damage, corrosion, and contamination by some type of
protecting tube or well. Metal tubes selected to suit the temperature, pressure and atmosphere are generally used with base metal thermocouples.



Typical Cast Iron Protection Tube

| Material | Maximum <br> Operating <br> Temperature | Typical Applications | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 304 Stainless | $1800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(982^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Food and Dairy Products, Petroleum Products, <br> Mild Acids, Alkalies | Embrittles in $800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(427^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $1400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(760^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ range. |
| Cast Iron | $1300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(704^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Molten Aluminum, Gas Ducts | Withstands sulphur and caustic solutions. |
| 316 Stainless | $1800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(982^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Food and Dairy Products, Petroleum Products, <br> Mild Acids, Alkalies | Greater corrosion resistance than 304 Stainless. |
| 446 Stainless | $2000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1093^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Sulphurous Atmospheres such as Hydrogen <br> Sulphide, Neutral Salt Baths | Excellent resistance to corrosion and oxidation at high <br> temperatures. Do not use in carburizing atmospheres. |
| Inconel $601^{\circledR}$ | $2200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1204^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Neutral Salt Baths, Carburizing and <br> Nitriding Atmospheres | Good resistance to corrosion at high temperatures; <br> excellent resistance to oxidation at high temperatures. Do <br> not use in carburizing atmospheres above $1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(538^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. |
| Black Steel Pipe <br> per ASTM A120 | $1200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(649^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Molten Babbitt, Tin, Lead, and Magnesium | Low Cost |

304 Stainless Steel (8\% Nickel-18\% Chrome)

| Part <br> Number | I.D. $\times$ O.D. | NPT <br> Thread | Const. | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *MPT-101--_ | $.622^{\prime \prime} \times .840^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 / 2 / 1$ | Welded | $12^{\prime \prime}$ and |
| *MPT-102-_ | $.824^{\prime \prime} \times 1.050^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 4 / 1$ | Welded | over in 6" |
| *MPT-103-__ | $1.0499^{\prime \prime} \times 1.315^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 "$ | Welded | increments |

446 Stainless Steel (28\% Chrome Iron)

| Part <br> Number | I.D. $\times$ O.D. | NPT <br> Thread | Const. | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MPT-109--_ | $.622^{\prime \prime} \times .840^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Seamless | $12^{\prime \prime}$ and |
| MPT-110-_ | $.824^{\prime \prime} \times 1.050^{\prime \prime}$ | $3_{/ 4 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | Seamless | over in 6" |
| MPT-111-__ | $1.049^{\prime \prime} \times 1.315^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | Seamless | increments |

*If extra heavy wall is desired, specify.

## Cast Iron



Inconel Alloy 601® (60\% Nickel-23\% Chrome-14\% Iron)

| Part <br> Number | I.D. $\times$ O.D. | NPT <br> Thread | Const. | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MPT-112--_ | $.622^{\prime \prime} \times .840^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Seamless | $12^{\prime \prime}$ and |
| MPT-113-_- | $.824^{\prime \prime} \times 1.050^{\prime \prime}$ | $3_{/ 4 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | Seamless | over in $6^{\prime \prime}$ |
| MPT-114-_- | $1.049^{\prime \prime} \times 1.315^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | Seamless | increments |

*1" NPT external thread available on special request.

## 316 Stainless Steel



## Black Steel Pipe (Per ASTM A120)

| Part <br> Number | I.D. x O.D. | NPT <br> Thread | Const. | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MPT-115--_ | $.364^{\prime \prime} \times .540^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Welded | $12^{\prime \prime}$ and |
| MPT-116--_ | $.302^{\prime \prime} \times .540^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 / 4 "$ | Welded | over |
| MPT-117--_ | $.546^{\prime \prime} \times .840^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 / 2 \prime \prime$ | Welded | in 6" |
| MPT-118--_ | $.742^{\prime \prime} \times 1.050^{\prime \prime}$ | $3_{4}^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | Welded | increments |
| MPT-119-_-957" $\times 1.315^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | Welded |  |  |

## Ordering Information

Complete the Part Number with 3 digits indicating length in whole inches.
Example: $=$ MPT-105-012 is $12^{\prime \prime}$ long and
MPT-107-048 is $48^{\prime \prime}$ long.

## Thermocouple Insulators

Oval-Double Hole Cordierite
Maximum Temperature: $2282^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Part Number | Width <br> (in) | Thickness <br> (in) | Bore <br> (in) | Max. B \& S <br> Gauge Size | Length <br> (in) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COR-120-105 | .437 | .250 | .156 | 7 | 1 |
| COR-120-104 | .375 | .217 | .110 | 10 | 1 |
| COR-120-106 | .172 | .118 | .042 | 19 | 1 |

Round-Single Hole Mullite
Maximum Temperature: $2900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1593^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


Round-Double Hole Mullite
Maximum Temperature: $2400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1315^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


| Part Number | Diameter <br> (in) | Bore <br> (in) | Max. B \& S <br> Gauge Size | Length <br> (in) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COR-125-101 | .156 | .046 | 18 | 1 |
| COR-125-102 | .156 | .046 | 18 | 3 |
| COR-126-101 | .250 | .085 | 13 | 1 |
| COR-126-102 | .250 | .85 | 13 | 3 |
| *COR-127-101 | .437 | .156 | 7 | 1 |
| *COR-127-102 | .437 | .156 | 7 | 3 |

*Material is Cordierite

Round-Four Hole Alumina
Maximum Temperature: $3300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1815^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


Fish Spine-Ball and Socket Insulators-Steatite
Maximum Temperature: $2400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1315^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


| Part Number | Diameter <br> (in) | Bore <br> (in) | Max. B \& S <br> Gauge Size | Length <br> (in) | Number of Pcs. <br> per Sleeve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CER-103-101 | .110 | .056 | 16 | .110 | $67 \mathrm{pcs} / 6^{\prime \prime}$ |
| CER-103-102 | .170 | .068 | 14 | .170 | 86 pcs/12" |
| CER-103-104 | .200 | .092 | 12 | .200 | Bulk Loose |
| CER-103-105 | .330 | .124 | 9 | .330 | Bulk Loose |
| CER-103-106 | .400 | .156 | 7 | .400 | Bulk Loose |
| CER-103-109 | .260 | .156 | 7 | .260 | Bulk Loose |

